

Closing the Loop: Advancing Circularity in Semiconductor Chips and Chip-integrated Components

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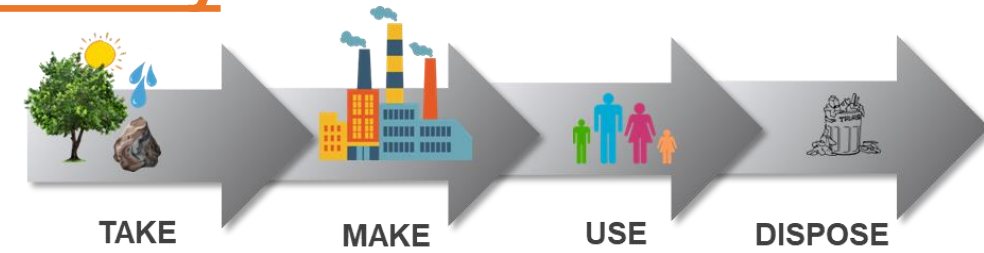
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Introduction: Circular Economy

- Transition from the linear **take-make-use-dispose** approach to an economy with **restorative and regenerative flows**
- Circular Economy (CE) Principles¹:
 - Eliminate waste and pollution
 - Circulate materials and products at the highest value
 - Regenerate nature and preserve natural capital

1) Ellen MacArthur Foundation. Towards the Circular Economy Vol. 1: an economic and business rationale for an accelerated transition. Ellen McArthur. 2013.

Linear Economy



Circular Economy



Defining Circular Economy (CE)

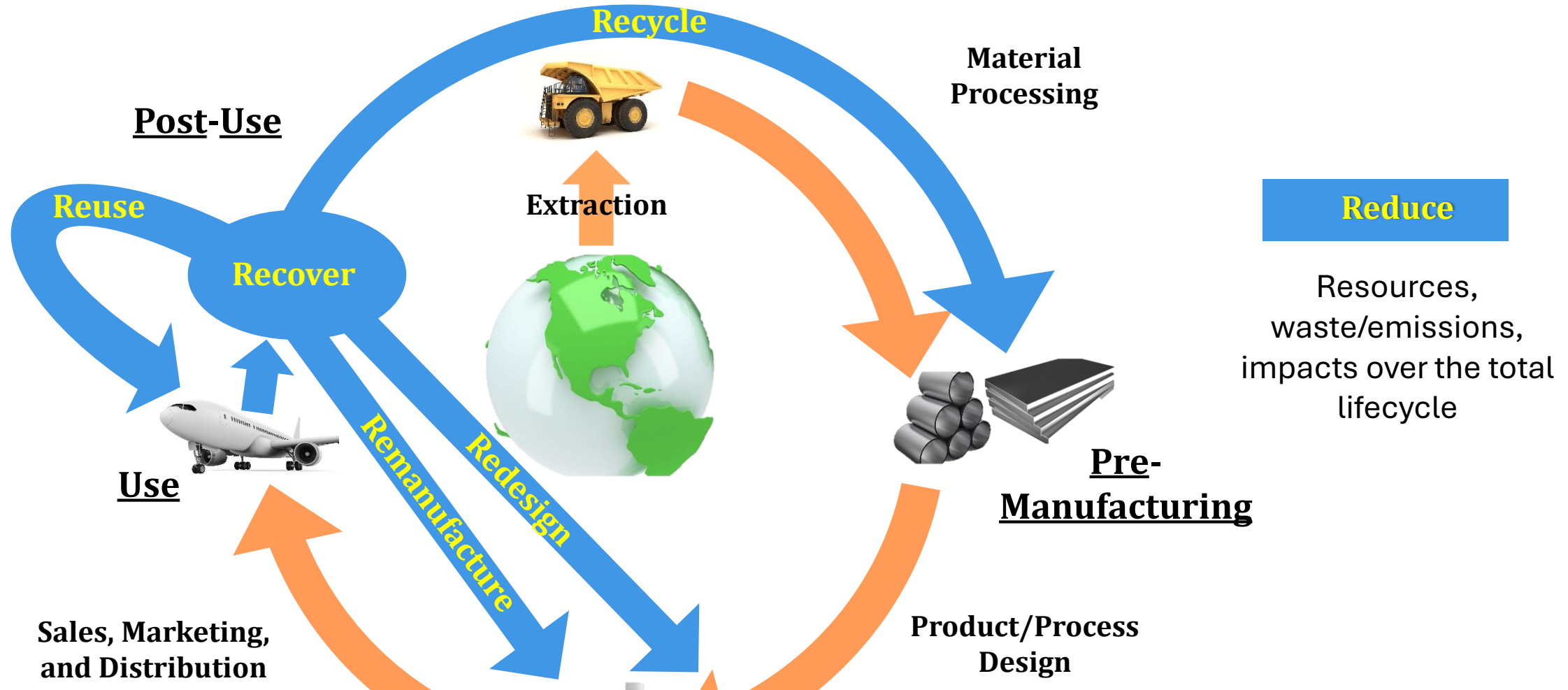
Circular Economy is an

- *Economic system*
- That uses a systemic approach to maintain a *circular flow of resources*
- By recovering, retaining or adding to their *value*
- While contributing to *sustainable development*



Based on ISO 59004

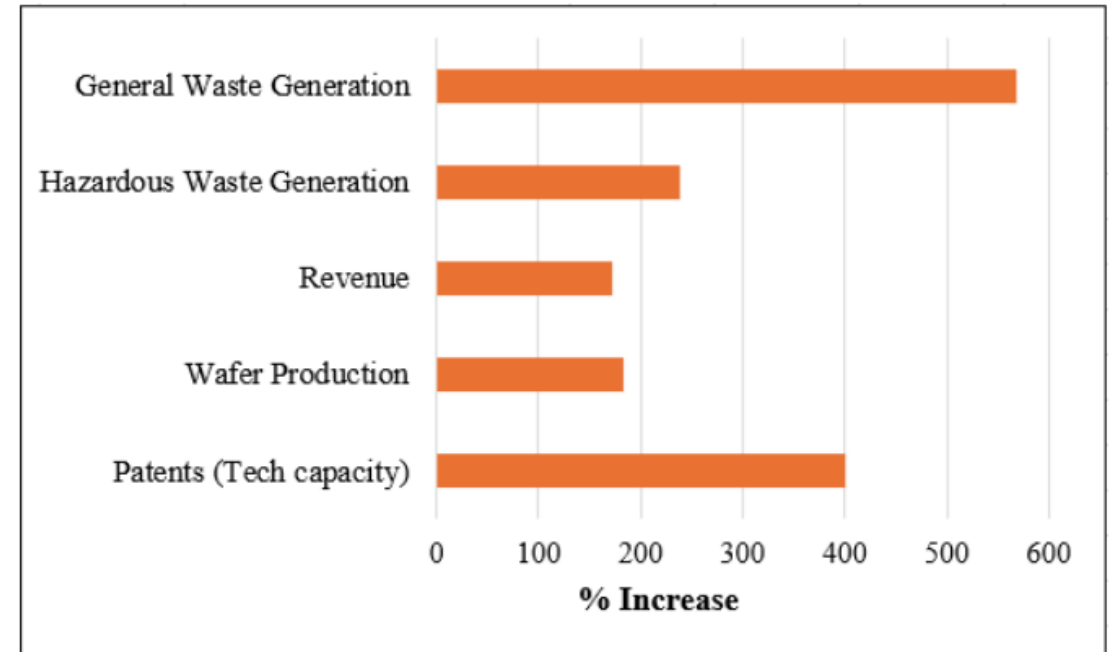
Closing the Loop: Value Recovery at End-of-Life (EoL)



Circulating resources via Reuse, Remanufacture and Recycle is paramount to increasing supply chain resilience amid tariffs and trade wars

Semiconductor Manufacturing Sector Status

- High energy consumption, water use and rare/critical materials¹
- High GHG emissions, pollution and health hazards²
- Significant technological advances in design and manufacturing
- However, improvements in waste generation, resource use and impacts not comparable³
- Proliferating semiconductor chip use across all sectors⁴



**Semiconductor Foundry Performance⁵:
Variation from 2012 - 2021**

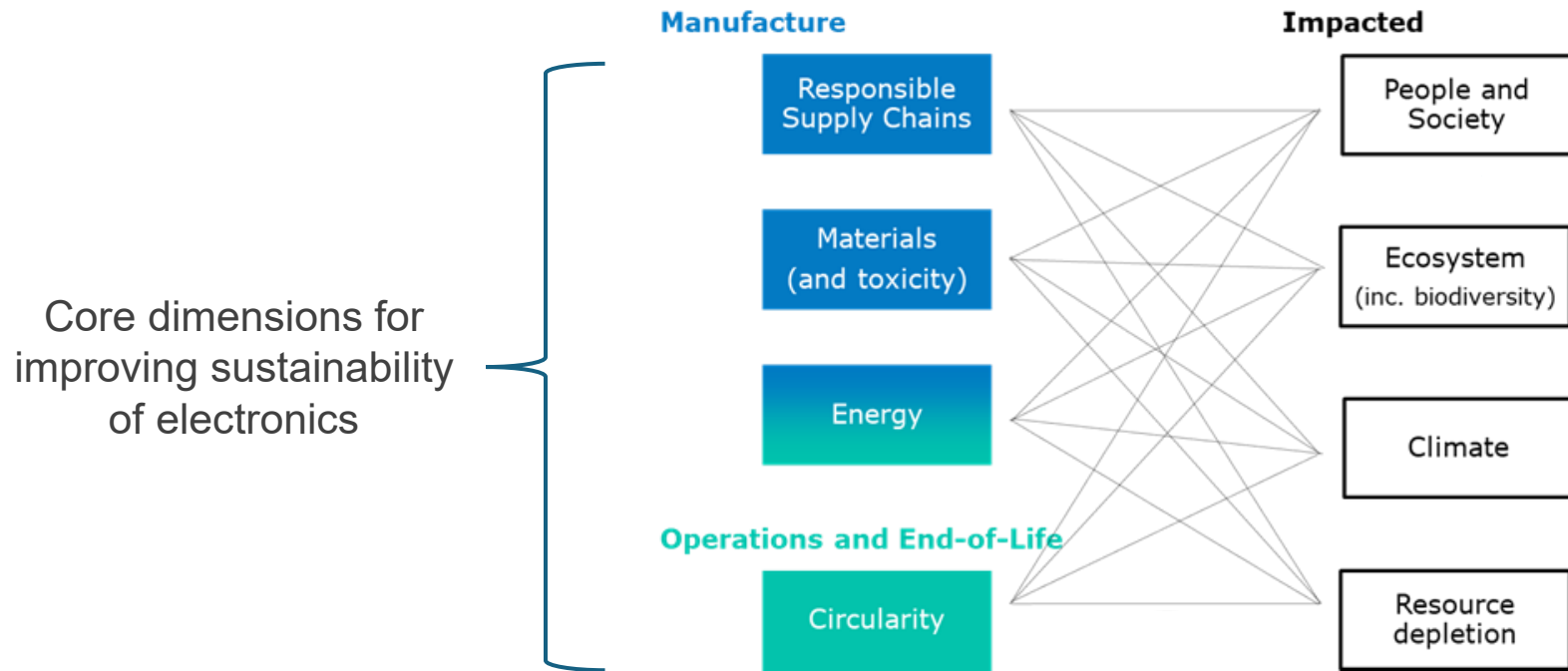
1) Hsieh et al., 2023, Harrington et al., 2022, Gatto and Nuta, 2024; 2) Harrington et al., 2022; Ruberti, 2023, Nagapurkar et al., 2024 ; 3) Rubert et al., 2024, Garcia Bardon et al., 2020; 4) Burkacky et al., 2022; 5) Based on Ruberti et al., 2024.

Sustainability in Electronics Sector

- INEMI Sustainable Electronics Roadmap¹
 - Call for sustainable practices and Circular Economy initiatives in electronics



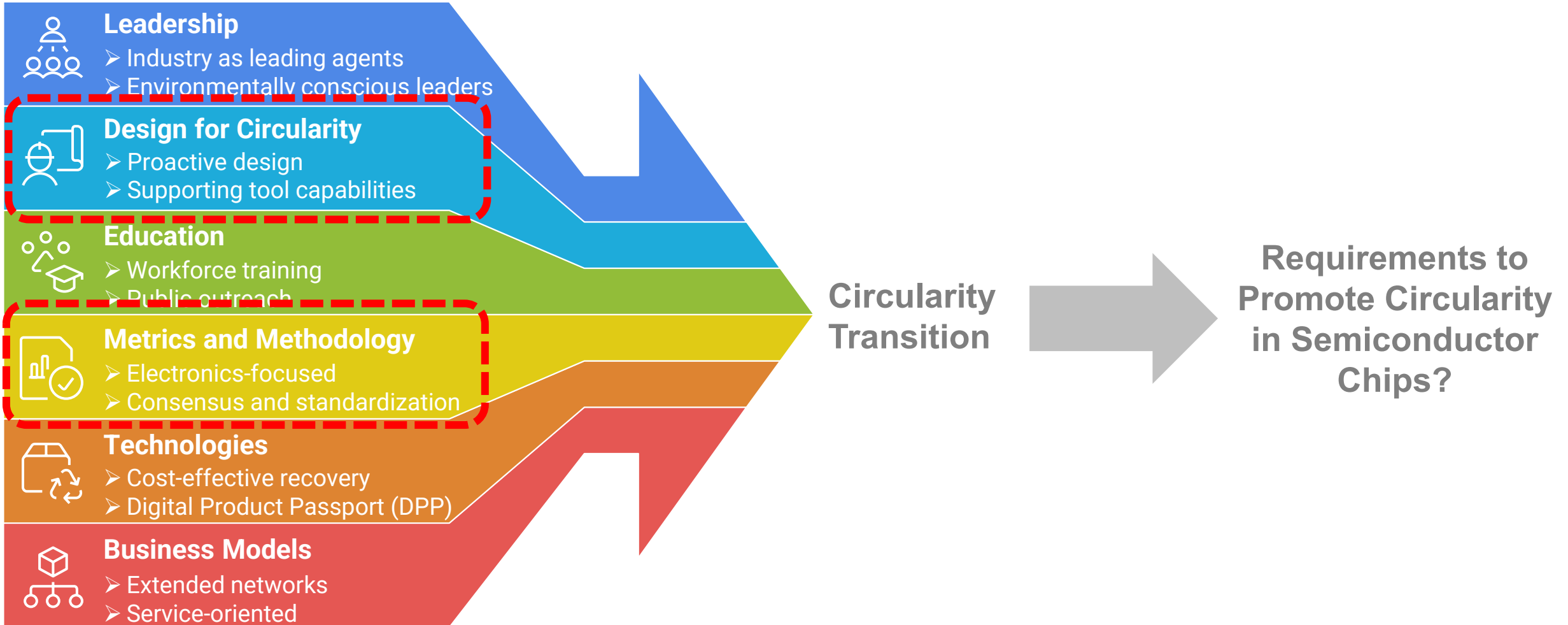
International Electronics
Manufacturing Initiative



Interdependent Impacts of the Electronics Life Cycle¹

¹) Okrasinski, et al. (2023).

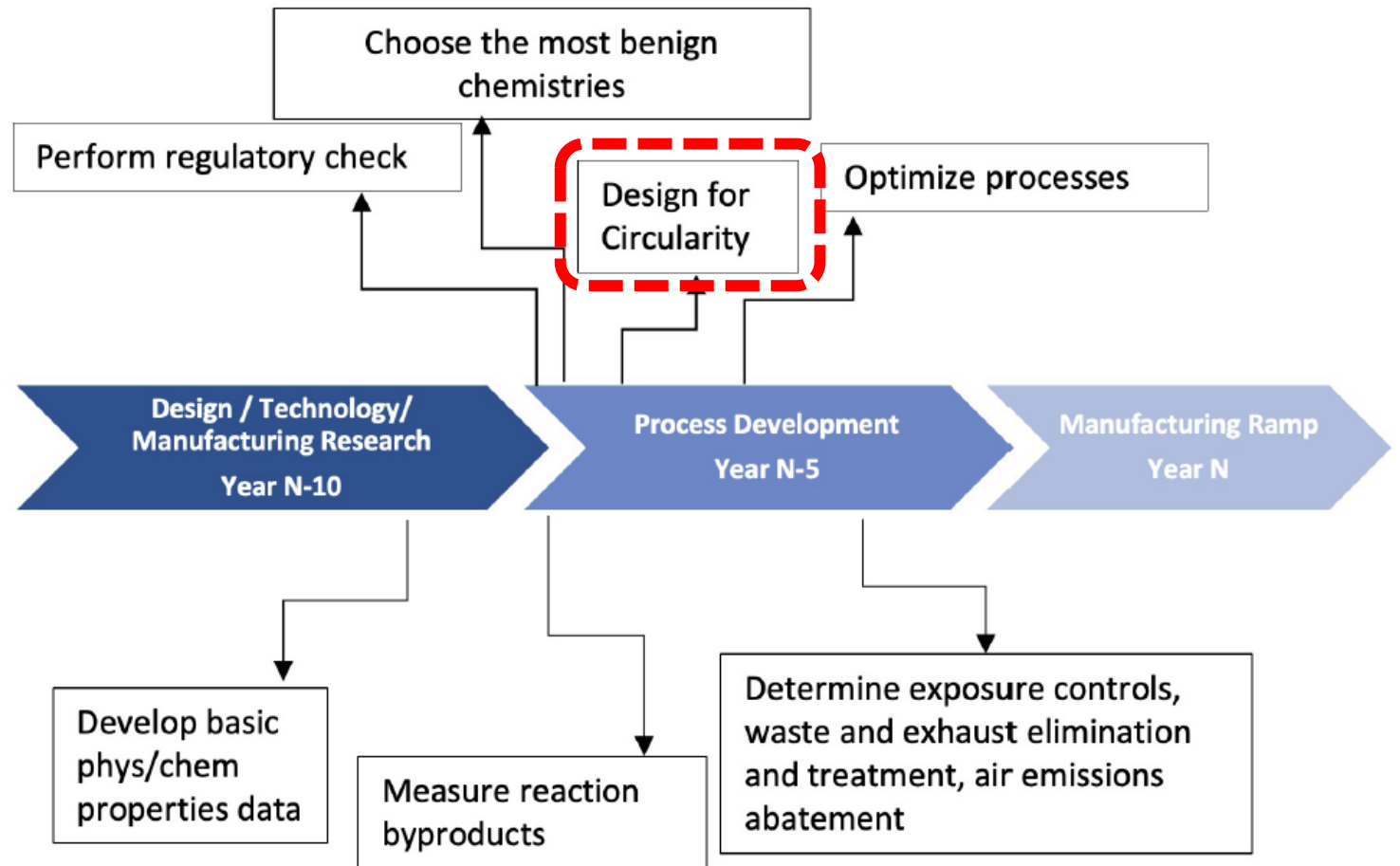
INEMI Roadmap: Electronics Industry Issues/Needs



1) Okrasinski, et al. (2023).

Microelectronics & Advanced Packaging Technologies Roadmap (MAPT)

- Semiconductor Research Corporation's (SRC) 2030 Decadal Plan¹
- Aims to guide semiconductor industry toward sustainable innovation
- Focus on energy, environmental, and workforce sustainability



¹ SRC-MAPT. (2023).

SRC-MAPT Roadmap – Focus Areas

Energy Sustainability

- ☐ Chip Design for Energy Efficiency
- ☐ System in Package (SiPs): Integrating Multiple Chips
- ☐ Transition from 2D to 3D Semiconductor Technologies
- ☐ AI & ML Integration

Environment Sustainability

- ☐ Sustainable Manufacturing
- ☐ Distributed Energy Resources
- ☐ Integrating Environmental Metrics
- ☐ Circular Economy Pathways

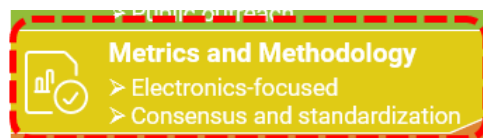
Workforce Sustainability

- ☐ Academia, Industry & Government Collaboration
- ☐ Enhance Skills in technological sector
- ☐ Multidisciplinary teams

1) Based on SRC-MAPT. (2023).

Circular Product Design: Assessment & Improvement

- Industry-engaged efforts for circular product design and assessment
 - Project 1: Metrics-based System for Evaluating Product Circularity and Enhancing the Circular Design of Consumer Electronics Products
 - Project 2: A Comprehensive Approach for Product Circularity Assessment Towards Sustainable Value Creation
 - Project 3: Developing Methods for Assessing and Improving Circularity of Consumer Electronics Products and Semiconductor Chips

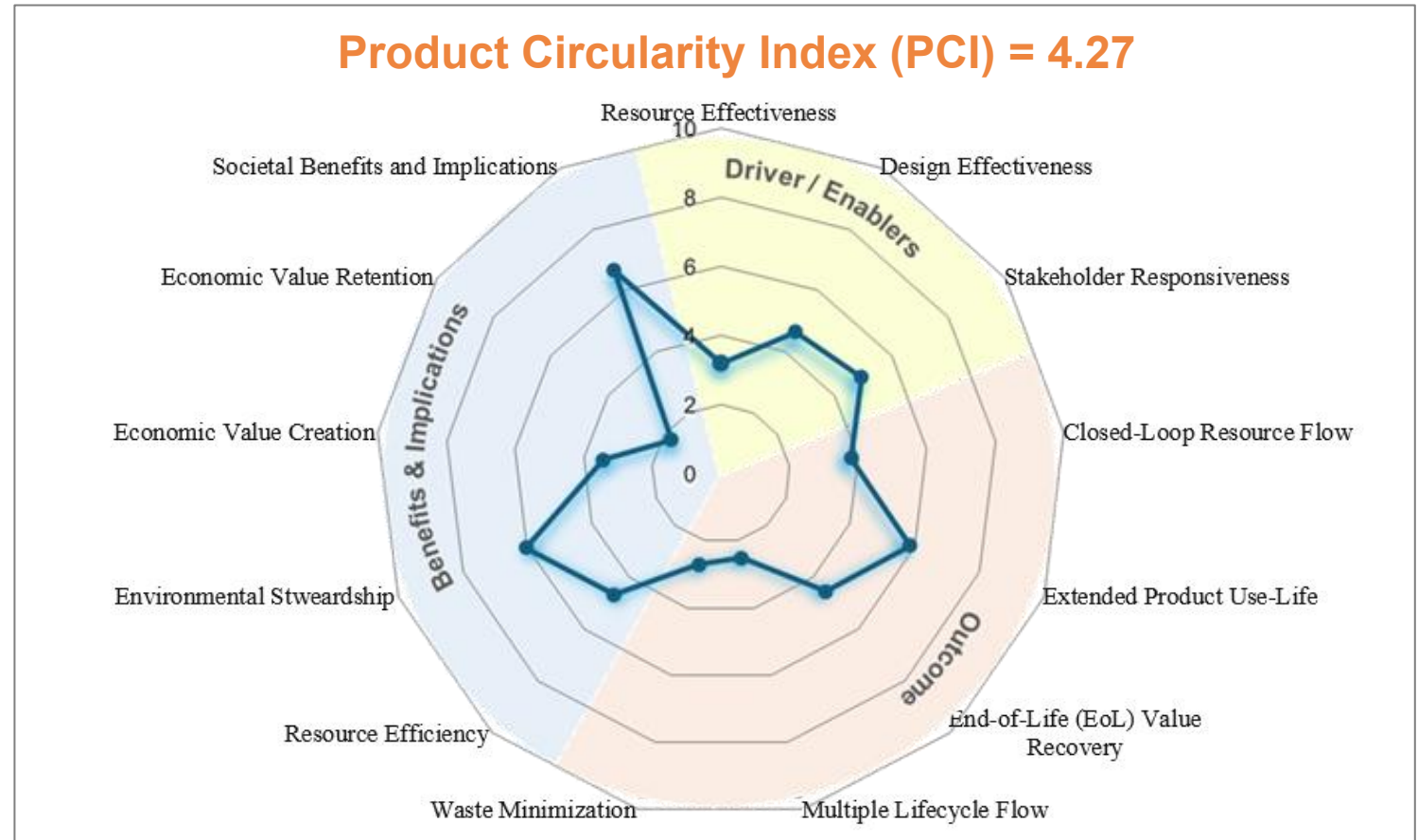


INEMI Roadmap Industry Issues/Needs

MAPT Roadmap Focus Areas

Product Circularity Index (PCI)

- Comprehensive, metrics-based method developed with extensive engagement of industry stakeholders¹
- Validated through three industry case studies

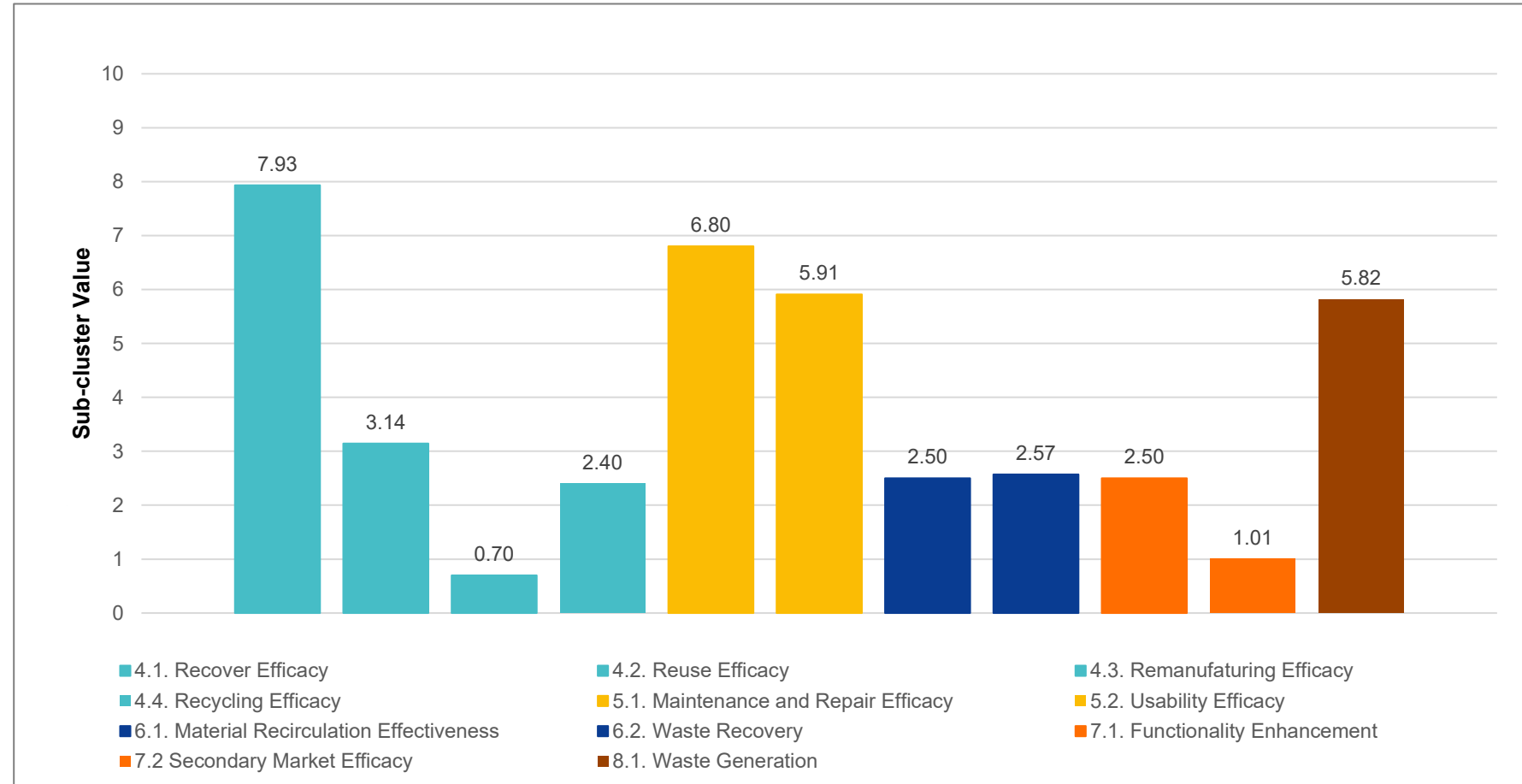


Holistic View of Overall Product Circularity Performance

¹) Source: Ko et al, 2025 Forthcoming

PCI Results (Contd.)

- Facilitates assessing key product features and properties to enhance product circularity¹
- Useful for making design improvement decisions – ‘sustainability by design’



1) Source: Ko et al, 2025 Forthcoming

Product Circularity Performance at Sub-cluster Level – An Example

ASTM E3461 – 25: Standard Guide for Principles of Circular Product Design



ASTM E3461-25 aims to...

- Provide guidelines and context for product designers
- Develop based on a comprehensive circular product design literature
- Support better understand, apply, and qualify design decisions



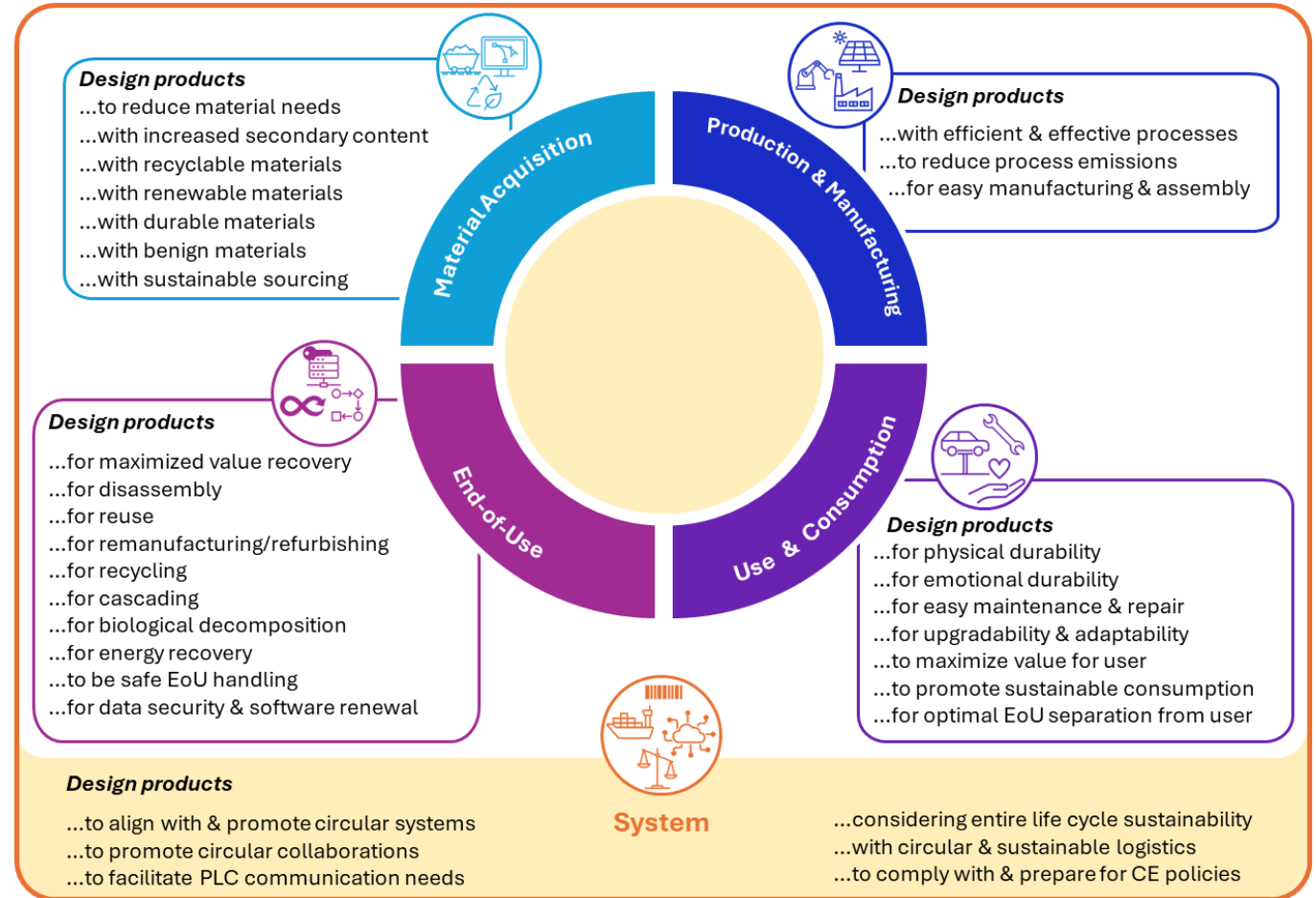
Approach:

- **Main standard** – General considerations and design rules that are applicable to a wide set of design problems
- **Appendices** (*in discussion*) – Sector-specific guidance to operationalize related Circular Design principles

Standard drafting was a multi-stakeholder (industry, academia, government, non-profit, etc.) engaged effort

ASTEM E3461-25: Expansions Under Development

- Specific design guidance for each life cycle stage under development for ASTM balloting process
- Sector specific appendices to adapt general principles into more specific product categories such as:
 - Electronics
 - Healthcare products
 - Textiles, etc.



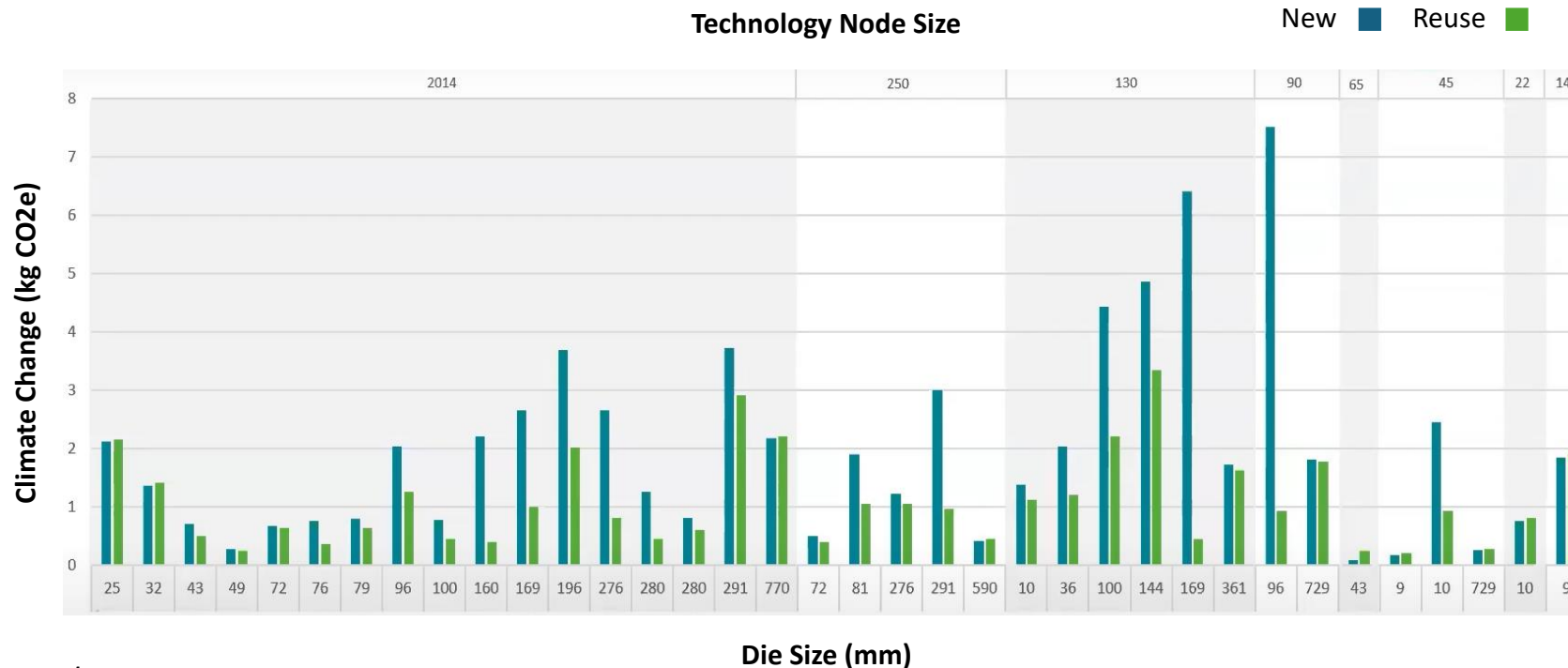
A draft list of principles based on the literature. The final list is being prepared.

Value Recovery Through Reuse of Chips

- Life cycle climate change impacts of new and reused chips¹

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NIST
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STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE



*Assumes 75% power for 8 hours per day, 5 days per week, over 3 years.

- Based on Life Cycle Assessment
- Generally lower life cycle impacts for reused chips
- New chips may have lower impacts with energy efficiency improvements

1) Ncube, A., & Stoddart, N. (2024)

Recovering Chips: Potential and Challenges

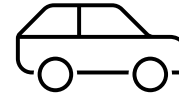
- 287.5B devices sold annually in the U.S. If 1/1000 chips were reused....



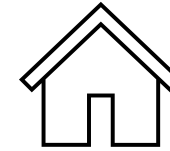
299,130
tons of CO₂e



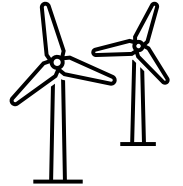
14,956,506
trees growing for a
year



66,759
cars off the road



37,810
homes powered for
a year



83.4
wind turbines
running for a year

- Positive outlook on chip reuse from industry stakeholders
- **Challenges identified:**
 - Collaboration necessary for larger scale adoption
 - Limited understanding of the current state of value recovery practices and perceptions
 - Application-specific chip design
 - Complexities in extracting chips without damage

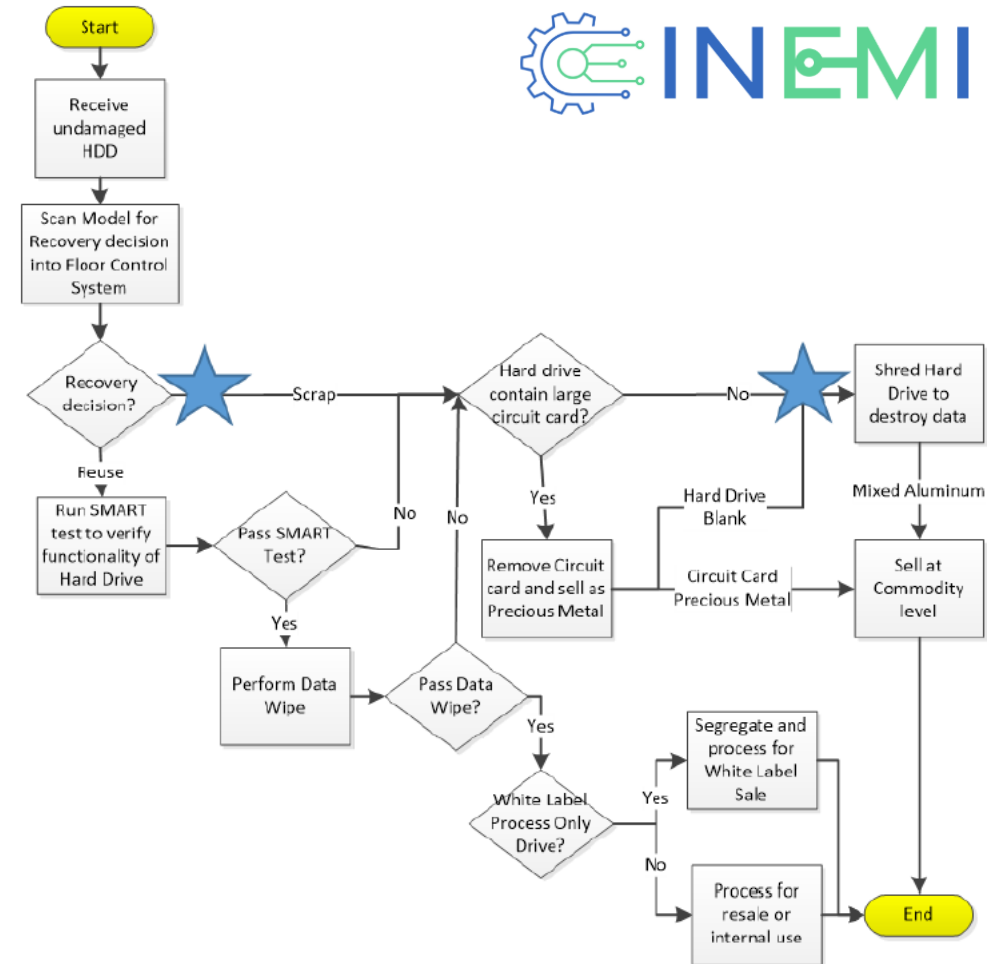
1) Ncube, A., & Stoddart, N. (2024)

Workflows for EoL Value Recovery Strategies

- EoL recovery of chip-integrated components to enhance circularity
 - Focus group meetings with companies (on-going) → Approaches/challenges to EoL value recovery



- Develop workflows for feasible EoL value recovery strategies
 - Identify potential for reuse or remanufacturing
 - Pilot studies to establish workflows
 - Engage the industrial community for feedback



Workflow for Hard Disk Drive Value Recovery¹

1) Handwereker et al., 2017

Concluding Remarks

- On-going efforts to address semiconductor manufacturing sustainability concerns
- Circular Economy is an enabler to advance towards sustainable value creation
 - Vital for promoting sustainability in 'Semiconductor manufacturing by design'
- Design for circularity key to facilitate higher EoL value recovery
- Imperative to understand challenges to implementing circular strategies
- Tools and technologies can facilitate better assessing circularity, including metrics, must be identified
- Stakeholders to engage and establishing workflows to facilitate chip-integrated component circularity is also vital

Thank you!

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